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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/749,006	12/30/2003	Ellen Lasch	80655,8800	8389
66170 7500 Snell & Wilmer LLP. (AMEX) ONE ARIZONA CENTER 400 E. VAN BUREN STREET PHOENIX, AZ 85004-22002			EXAMINER	
			MAI, THIEN T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2887	
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# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/749.006 LASCH ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Thien T. Mai 2887 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 April 2008. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1 and 4-22,25,54,58-62 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,4-22,25,54 and 58-62 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 28 June 2004 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Off PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/08.

Intofice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(e)Moil Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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### DETAILED ACTION

# Acknowledgement

Amendment filed by applicants 4/10/2008 is hereby acknowledged.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

 The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treatly in the English language.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

 Claim(s) 1, 4, 6-7, 9-15, 18-19, 59-61 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Roberts (6025283)

### Roberts discloses

1. A transaction card comprising:

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a metal layer 20 which is continuous over the entire area of said transaction card (Fig. 1-3);

a second layer;

wherein said metal layer is coextensive with the entire area of said second layer; a recordable medium 16 on or within incorporated into said transaction card for storing information relating to a transaction account and configured to conduct a transaction at a point of sale terminal.

Re claim 4, metal layer 20 is at outermost surface (Fig. 3)

Re claim 6, second layer is laminated with metal layer (abstract)

Re claim 7, polyurethane and/or polychloropropene is heat pressed to the metal layer

Re claim 9, adhesive is disposed between first metal layer and second layer (col. 4 lines 7)

Re claim 10, an adhesive layer disposed on said second layer.

Re claim 11, said recordable medium comprises a magnetic stripe disposed on the first layer of metal.

Re claim 13, 12, 14, the second layer is now interpreted as a lacquer coating layer, said recordable medium comprises a magnetic stripe disposed on the said adhesive layer (col. 4 lines 64+).

Re claim 15, further comprising: a coating (i.e. lacquer) on an outermost surface of said transaction card.

Re claim 18-19, a pattern is etched onto metal layer (see Summary)

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Re claim 59-61, the portion where metal layer is embossed is broadly and inherently interpreted as being interpreted as thinner than the rest since the portion is stretched out or removed due to stamping and/or laser etching and/or engraving process.

 Claim(s) 12, 14 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by NPL publication NN86044723 (NPL hereinafter) provided by Applicants

Re claims 12 and 14, NPL discloses a magnetic strip on an outer plastic cover layer 16, 18 adjacent to a metal layer 20, 22.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claim(s) 16-17, 8 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts (6025283) in view of Kaminsky (20040121257).

Re claim 16-17 Roberts discloses all limitations set forth in this claim as discussed above, except a surface coating that is made of pholyethylene terephthalate material and comprises a dye for providing color to the card. Kaminsky discloses a transaction card with a metal layer 16 coated on the surface with a colored dye donor layer made of polyethelene terephthalate (Specification par. 0078, 0091).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to incorporate the color dye of Kaminsky with the motivation for the desire for manufacturing cards with different colors for different financial institutions.

 Claim(s) 8, 16-17, 20, 22, 54, 58, 62 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts (6025283) in view of NPL publication NN86044723 (NPL hereinafter) and/or Conner (20050194453)

Roberts is unclear whether a chip is embedded although Roberts mentioned SMART technology

NPL discloses a microchip embedded in a metal card. NPL further discloses what appears to be two metal layers 20, 22 of non-precious metal Copper or steel adjacent to each other, each are at least 5 mils thick yielding a total of at least 10 mils thick

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of NPL for more storage capacity.

Roberts silent with respect to the thickness of the metal layer being 30 mills.

Conner discloses the layers making up the transaction card can alternately be made all of titanium layers or alloys or other metals (Specification par. 0076) and the thickness of the card is desired to be compliant with ISO-7816 standard thickness of .031 inches (or 30 mils) (Specification par. 0068-69). Accordingly, the total thickness of the metal layer of the card in this embodiment is about 30 mils thick.

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Furthermore, the Federal Circuit held that, where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device. In Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of NPL, Conner and the Court to arrive a desirable thickness.

 Claim(s) 21 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts (6025283) in view of Hinata (20030202151).

Regarding claim(s) 21, Roberts discloses all limitations set forth in this claim as discussed above, except an oxide layer on a surface of the metal layer being formed from an anodizing process. Hinata discloses such technique is known in the art. See reference text below:

"The insulator 66 is fabricated of tantalum oxide (Ta.sub.2O.sub.3) that is obtained by oxidizing the first metal layer 65 through anodizing. When the first metal layer 65 is anodized, the surface of the first layer 79a of the line wiring 79 is also oxidized. Similarly, a second layer 79b fabricated of tantalum oxide is thus formed." (Specification par. 0133)

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to utilize anodizing technique to achieve bonding thus preventing the metal layer from peeling off.

 Claim(s) 25 is/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roberts (6025283) in view of Hara (US Patent 4,876,441, Hara'441 hereafter). The teachings of Conner/Roberts have been discussed above.

Regarding claim(s) 25, Roberts discloses all limitations set forth in this claim as discussed above except for the transaction card to have chamfer edges around the perimeter of the card. Hara'441 discloses chamfering edges are provided around the perimeter for protection of the core portion which houses peripherals (col. 11 lines 11-35, Fig. 17).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to be motivated to utilize Hara's invention to further protect the electronics inside such as chip and to avoid incidents caused by sharp and non-chamfered edges.

#### Remarks

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Darjany (4058839), Ladonde (5844230)

### Conclusion

Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thien T. Mai whose telephone number is 571-272-8283. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00 - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steve S. Paik can be reached on 571-272-2404. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Thien T Mai/ Examiner, Art Unit 2887 /Thien M. Le/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2887